

SAP C_BW4H

SAP Certified Associate - Data Engineer - SAP BW/4HANA

- **Up to Date products, reliable and verified.**
- **Questions and Answers in PDF Format.**

For More Information – Visit link below:

[Web: www.examkill.com/](http://www.examkill.com/)

Version product

Latest Version: 6.0

Question: 1

Which is usually the entry object in a data flow?
Choose the correct answer.

- A. DataStore Object (advanced) - Type : Staging
- B. DataSource
- C. CompositeProvider

Answer: B

Explanation:

- A DataSource is typically the starting point in a data flow. It extracts data from source systems into SAP BW/4HANA.
- DataStore Objects and CompositeProviders are used later in the flow to store or combine data.

Question: 2

What is SAP BW/4HANA?
Choose the correct answer.

- A. A packaged solution that provides a complete tool set to rapidly deploy an enterprise-wide, on-premise data warehouse out of the box.
- B. A family of SAP tools used to develop a completely customized data warehouse solution from scratch for on-premise deployment that relies heavily on SQL development.
- C. A cloud solution that provides business users with easy to use self-service tools to acquire and model and analyze their own data.

Answer: A

Explanation:

SAP BW/4HANA is:

- An on-premise data warehouse solution optimized for HANA.
- Provides prebuilt tools, models, and accelerators to quickly implement enterprise-wide DW scenarios.
- Focuses on integration, reporting, and analytics with SAP and non-SAP data sources.

Question: 3

Which capabilities does a data warehouse provide?
There are two correct answers.

- A. A complete history of all data
- B. Forecasting and planning tools
- C. Data at all levels of granularity
- D. Inventory Management features

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

- A data warehouse stores historical and detailed data for reporting and analysis.
- Forecasting, planning, and inventory management are not core DW capabilities, they are application-level features.

Question: 4

Which are benefits of SAP BW/4HANA Business Content?

There are two correct answers.

- A. Accelerate the implementation using ready made models.
- B. Provides interfaces for custom development.
- C. Provide early reports to business users so they can provide feedback to support the implementation.
- D. Provides best practices for SAP BW/4HANA data models but no installable objects.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

- Business Content provides pre-delivered models, queries, and reporting objects.
- It helps speed up implementation and gives early insights to business users.
- It is not just interfaces nor “no installable objects” – it comes as ready-to-use objects.

Question: 5

Which of the following objects are mandatory in an SAP BW/4HANA data flow to load data?

There are two correct answers.

- A. Data Transfer Process
- B. Transformation
- C. ABAP CDS View
- D. SAP HANA calculation view

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

- Transformation – defines how data is mapped and transformed between source and target.
- DTP – executes the data transfer from source to target.

- ABAP CDS View and HANA Calculation View are optional sources, not mandatory for a standard BW/4HANA data flow.

Question: 6

What is the purpose of a Data Transfer Process (DTP)?

There are two correct answers.

- A. To store the data that has changed since the last load.
- B. To transfer data from source system to SAP BW/4HANA.
- C. To define the rules for error handling during data loading.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

- Open ODS Views allow direct access to source data without physically loading it.
- They can perform filtering and simple calculations.
- B (additional calculations) and D (real-time access to external sources) are more advanced scenarios; standard Open ODS View focuses on direct access to source objects or staging.

Question: 7

Which statements relating to a Transformation are correct?

There are three correct answers.

- A. It can connect a DataSource with a DataStore Object (advanced)
- B. It can connect an DataStore Object (advanced) with another DataStore Object (advanced).
- C. It defines rules how to map, to transform, and to enrich the transferred data.
- D. It has to be executed to transfer data.

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

- Transformations define the mapping and transformation logic.
- D (has to be executed to transfer data) – Not correct; the DTP executes the transfer, not the transformation itself.

Question: 8

Which are correct statements of a Standard DataStore Object that has the change log setting?

There are two correct answers.

- A. It is used to store consolidated and cleansed data on granular level.
- B. It is often used to build a Corporate Memory layer.
- C. It can provide a subsequent DataStore Object (advanced) with delta records.

D. Inactive data loads are available for reporting.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

- A standard DSO stores detailed, cleansed data and tracks changes.
- It can feed advanced DSOs for further modeling.
- B (corporate memory) and D (inactive data loads for reporting) – not applicable for standard DSO with change log.

Question: 9

How does an Analysis for Microsoft Office workbook support analysis of SAP BW/4HANA data ?
There are two correct answers.

- A. In an Analysis for Microsoft Office workbook data can be analyzed by using sort and filter options.
- B. In an Analysis for Microsoft Office workbook data from only one BW Query can be analyzed.
- C. In an Analysis for Microsoft Office workbook additional calculations can be defined.
- D. An Analysis for Microsoft Office workbook can be used to create BW Queries.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

- AMO allows analysis of BW Queries with sorting, filtering, and additional calculations.
- B (only one BW Query) – False, you can analyze multiple queries.
- D (create BW Queries) – False, AMO is analysis tool, not a query design tool.

Question: 10

Which statements for a DataSource are correct?
There are two correct answers.

- A. It's a structure of fields referring to the source system fields.
- B. It has to be scheduled to extract the data from the source system.
- C. It supports transactional data and not master data.
- D. It defines which fields of the source are transferred to SAP BW/4HANA.
- E. It stores the data arriving in SAP BW/4HANA.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

- DataSource defines the fields and structure of the source system for extraction.
- B (has to be scheduled) – False, scheduling is done via DTP.
- C (only transactional) – False, it can handle transactional or master data.
- E (stores data) – False, the DSO stores data, not the DataSource.

For More Information – **Visit link below:**

<https://www.examkill.com/>

Sales: sales@examkill.com

Support: support@examkill.com

FEATURES:

- 100% Pass Guarantee
- 30 Days Money Back Guarantee
- 24/7 Live Chat Support (Technical & Sales)
- Instant download after purchase
- 50,000 +ve Reviews
- 100% Success Rate
- Discounts Available for Bulk Orders
- Updates are free for 90 days
- Verified answers by experts

